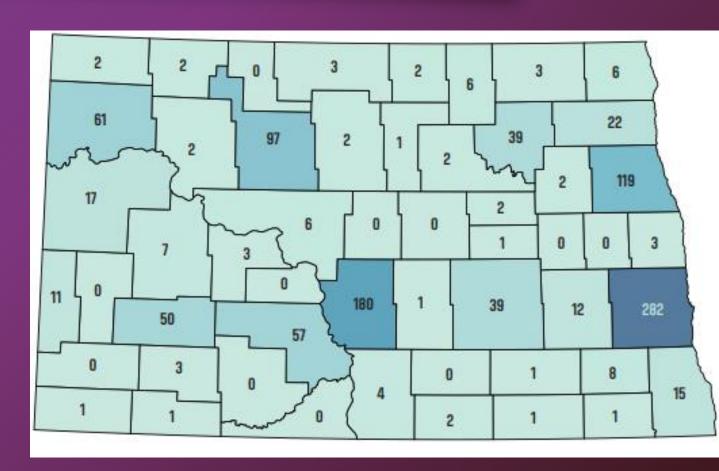
Court Improvement Program Taskforce Projects and Data

Dual Status Youth (DSY)

 In 2023, there were 1,079 dual status youth identified by the Initiative. Five hundred fifty of those youth were new to the Initiative. The map shows the home county where the dual status youth were identified.



Family Centered Engagement (FCE) Meetings

• Top referral concerns (more than 1 can be selected)

21% delinquency (youth)

16% parent/child conflict/family discord

13% child abuse/neglect

11% CHINS

11% severe MH issues (Child)

Family survey results

98% of respondents felt they had an opportunity to listen and share information

95% of respondents felt the family's values and culture were respected

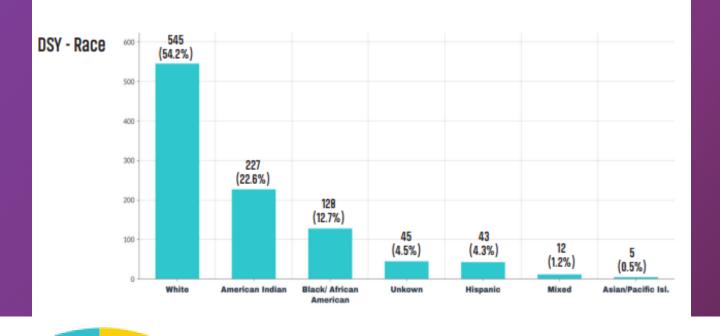
85% of respondents felt the FCE process was a positive experience

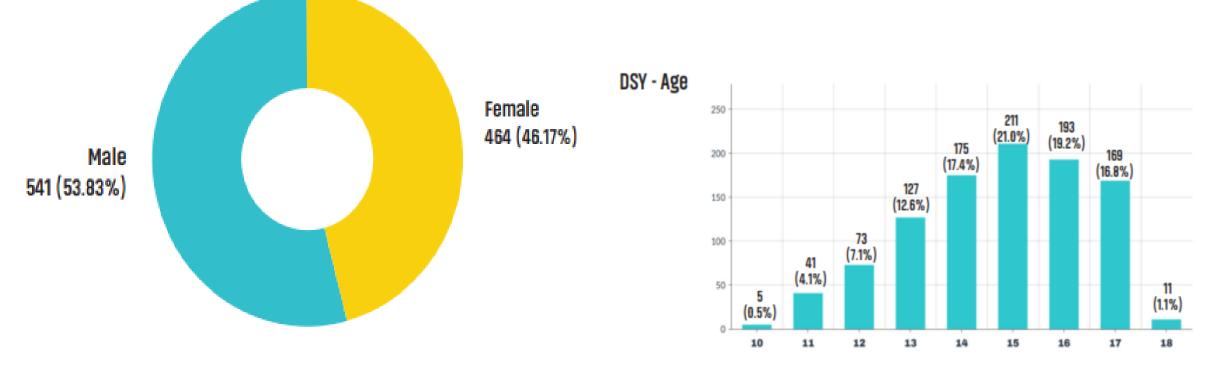
Six-month post FCE findings

88% of the children remained in the home

1% of the children were placed with kin

11% of the children entered foster care system









Our Shared Vision and Values

Guided by our core values, we strive for equity fairness, and the well-being of all youth involved in our systems. Every young person deserves recognition of their inherent dignity and potential. Our commitment is to foster empathy, understanding, and respect, ensuring that our approaches are healing-centered, culturally affirming, and informed by individuals with lived experience. These efforts are tailored to address the unique needs of each youth.⁷

The complexity of the challenges faced by dually involved youth necessitates a collaborative and innovative approach from all partners. By breaking down barriers between child welfare and juvenile justice and engaging with communities, families, and young people, we can foster a coordinated response. Our focus includes investing in accessible community-based services, leveraging aligned policies, and blending funding streams to provide stabilizing services that maintain youths in their homes.

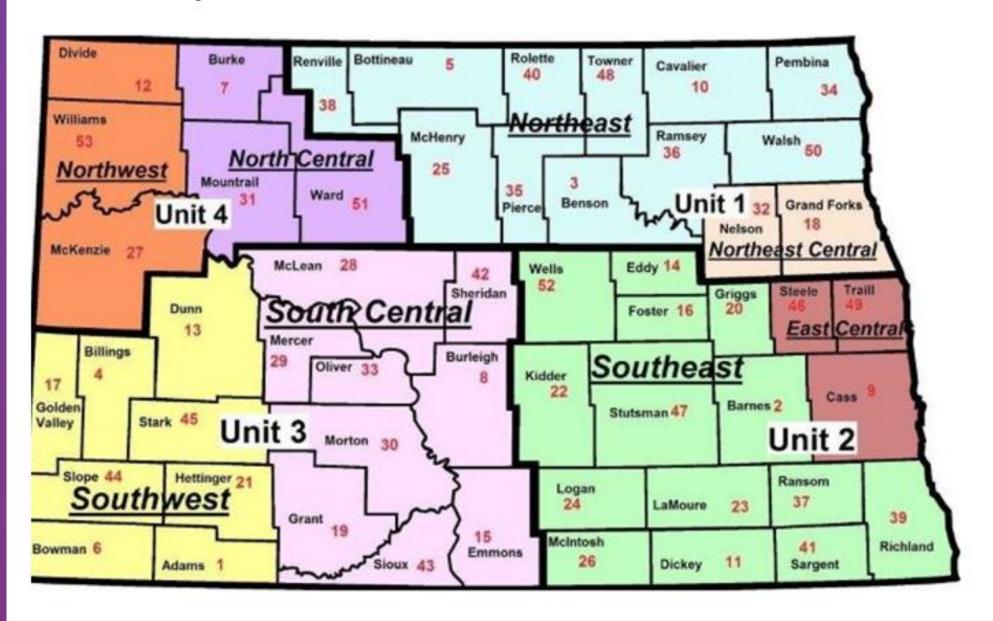
Guardian Ad Litem (GAL) Workgroup

- Heather Traynor, CIP Coordinator
- Cathy Ferderer, Juvenile Court Coordinator
- Barb Oliger, GAL Program Administrator
- Meg Morley, GAL Program Coordinator and Supervisor Unit 1 and 2
- Sharla Price, GAL Program Coordinator and Supervisor Unit 3 and 4
- Karen Kringlie, Former Juvenile Court Director Unit 2
- Leah Honeyman, Case Management Administrator, Children and Family Services
- Jessica Ahrendt, Public Defender Grand Forks
- Dan Gast, Judicial Referee Unit 2
- Kara Brinster, Foster County State's Attorney
- Sloan Henry, ICWA Family Preservationist
- Kristi Frederick, Ward County Human Service Zone Director

Recommendations

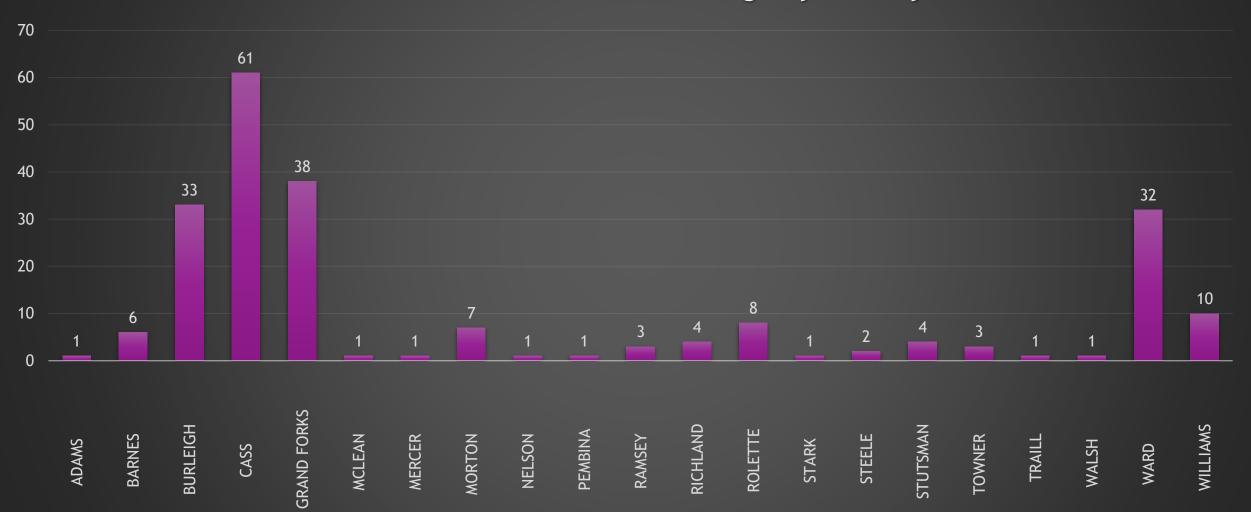
- Regional full-time contracted Lay GALs by judicial district
- Establish a maximum caseload
- Indian Child Welfare Act (ICWA) Specialized GAL in each judicial district
- Post-disposition monitoring Youthworks should consider outlining post-disposition monitoring parameters to include seeing each child one hour, once per month, and attending quarterly Children and Family Team Meetings.

Court Units/Districts

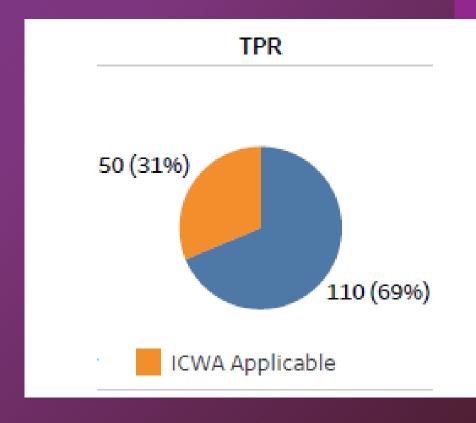


CY 2023 Termination of Parental Rights (TPR) Data

2023 - Total TPR Case Filings by County



Unit	Number of TPR Cases Reviewed
1	36
2	60
3	34
4	30
Total	160



Statewide TPR Petition Filing Data:

+	Calendar Year	TPR Petition filed within 450 days
	2023	(96/219) 44%
	2022	(92/250)37%

Calendar Year	TPR Petition filed within 660 days
2023	(155/219) 71%
2022	(167/250) 67%

Regional judicial unit* data reflects the following average days to TPR petition:

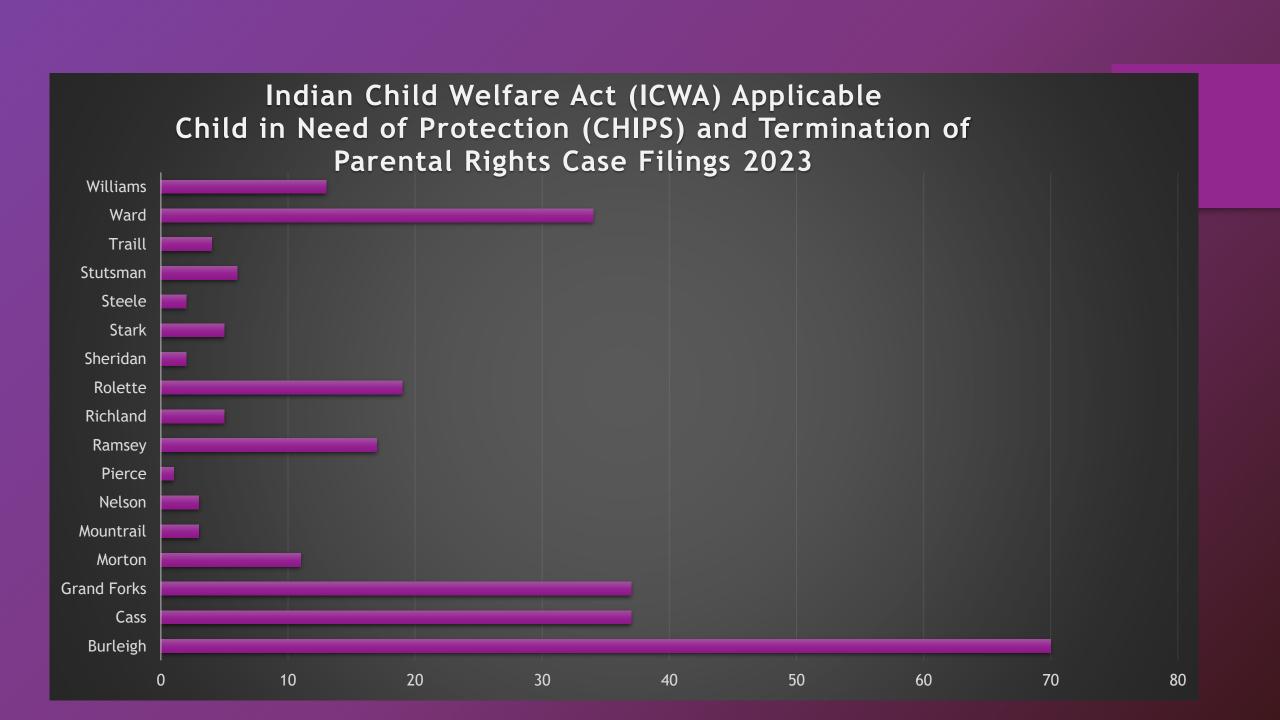
Average Days to TPR Petition	Average Days to Unit 1 TPR Petition		Unit 3	Unit 4	
CY 2023	570	475	604	641	
CY 2022	633	441	688	649	

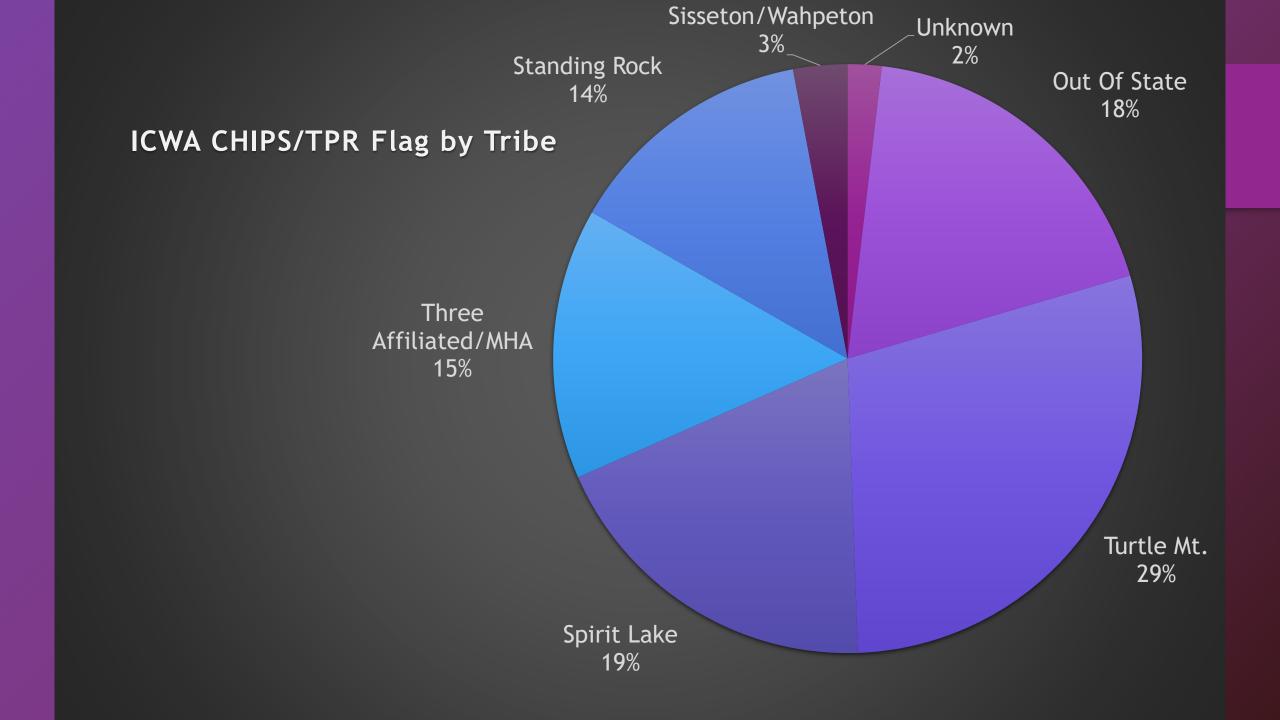
Time between submission of affidavit and petition filing for TPR

Average Days Between Zone Submission of Affidavit and Sate's Attorney Filing of TPR Petition	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
CY 2023	56	22	6	11
CY 2022	42	1	14	15

Stakeholder Feedback on TPR Proceedings

What are the barriers that affect your agency's ability to the required time frames when the filing of TPR proceedings do not occur in accordance with the required provision for a child in foster care? (Check all that apply)	False		True		Total
High caseloads for State's Attorney	7.69%	2	92.31%	24	26
High caseloads for case management staff	16.67%	4	83.33%	20	24
Case management's knowledge of requirements	8.33%	1	91.67%	11	12
State's Attorney's knowledge of requirements	0.00%	0	100.00%	15	15
Lack of effective tracking systems to identify when filing requirements are nearing	0.00%	o	100.00%	8	8
None of the above	10.00%	4	90.00%	36	40
Other (please specify)	22.86%	8	77.14%	27	35

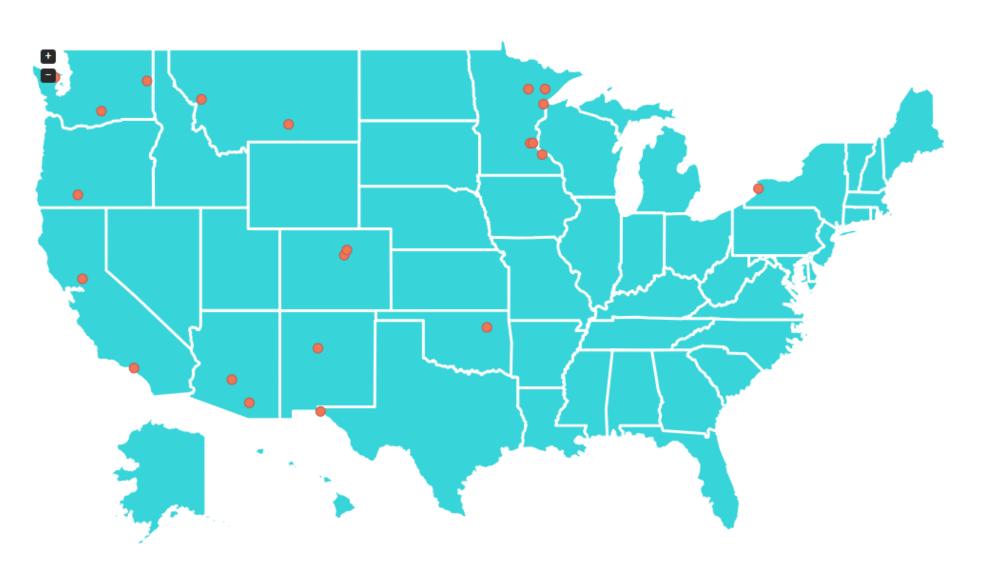






ICWA Court Map

Below is a map of the current ICWA Courts. For more information about these courts or to be added to the map, please see the contact information below.



An ICWA Court Approach

- Consistency in calendaring ICWA hearings
- Hearings held by the same judicial officer
- Required ICWA specific training for all court partners
- Culturally appropriate court environment
- Round table approach with families

Outcomes

- Permanency Quicker time to reunification with caregiver
- Placement preferences Placed with relatives at earlier stages of the case
- Increased tribal presence
- Parents at hearings more frequently and earlier in the stage of the case
- Increased collaboration and relationship building
- Authentic engagement with tribes
- Enhanced inclusive and diverse cultural practices