

Before touching a patient

- Entering patient station to provide care
- Contact with access site
- Adjusting or removing cannulation needles

After touching a patient

- Leaving station after performing patient care
- Removing gloves

Prior to a clean procedure

- Accessing/cannulating
- Performing catheter site care
- Medication preparation

Hand Hygiene in Dialysis Settings

After a bodily fluid exposure risk

- Exposure to blood or body fluids
- Contact with contaminated fluids
- Handling used dialyzers, blood tubing

After touching the patient's surroundings

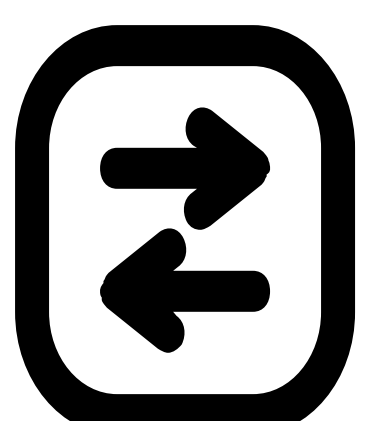
- Touching dialysis machine
- Touching items within dialysis station
- Using chairside computer



Performing hand hygiene is one of the most important steps you can take to prevent the spread of infections.



Hand hygiene can be done using alcohol-based hand sanitizer when hands are not visibly dirty or by using soap and water.



Putting on a new pair of gloves does not replace the need to do hand hygiene.